

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Chemical name 2-Furanmethanol

Synonyms Furan-2-ylmethanol, 2-Furan carbinol, Furfural alcohol, 2-Furyl carbinol,

2-Furyl methanol, 2-Hydroxymethyl furan.

Formula C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

 Molecular mass
 98,10
 FL-No.
 13.019

 CAS-No.
 98-00-0
 FEMA-No.
 2491

 EC-No.
 202-626-1
 Annex VI-No.
 603-018-00-2

**Registration number** 01-2119493965-18-0003

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture	Exposure scenario
<ul> <li>Manufacturing of blends / formulation</li> </ul>	ES 2
<ul> <li>Manufacturing of polymers</li> </ul>	ES 3
<ul> <li>Manufacturing of moulds using formulations containing the substance (foundry)</li> </ul>	ES 4
<ul> <li>Manufacturing of refractories, abrasive wheels, friction (brake pads, clutch facing),</li> </ul>	ES 5
carbon impregnation using formulations containing the substance	
<ul> <li>Wood impregnation / modification</li> </ul>	ES 6
<ul> <li>Professional end-use of acid resistant coating</li> </ul>	ES 7
Use at industrial site as paint stripper	ES 8
Uses advised against	None

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Importer** International Furan Chemicals B.V.

Address Rotterdam Airportplein 33 3045 AP ROTTERDAM

The Netherlands

Telephone number +31 10 238 05 55 E-mail address +31 10 238 05 55 sales@furan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency +32 14 58 45 45 (24 h /24 h) Information centre of dangerous goods (BIG)

Medical information

United Kingdom 844 892 0111 National Poisons Information Service

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (EU-GHS / CLP)
Hazard Classes / Hazard Class-, Category- and -Statement Codes

Acute toxicity Acute Tox. 3, H301 + H311 + H331

Eye irritation Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Skin irritation Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Carcinogenicity Carc. 2, H351
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure STOT SE 3, H335
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure STOT RE 2, H373

For full text of Hazard statements: see subsection 2.2.

# 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms





Signal word Hazard statements Danger

H301 + H311 + H331

Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

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H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to respiratory - nasal tissue through prolonged or repeated exposure

by inhalation.

**Precautionary statements** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 \* Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.
P403 + P233 \* Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P304 + P340 \* IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P301 + P310 \* IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 \* IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 \* IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to a specialised processing facility for disposal in

accordance with local / regional regulations.

\* on label

2.3 Other hazards Furfuryl alcohol does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation

1907/2006.

#### **SECTION 3:** Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Main constituentIdentityPercentageFurfuryl alcoholCAS-No.98-00-0≥ 97.0 - ≤ 100.0 %

EC-No. 202-626-1

Classified impurities or stabilizers

None

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** Fresh air, rest, half upright position. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell. **Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothes, rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation occurs:

get medical advice / attention.

Eye contact First rinse with plenty of water (remove lenses if possible). If eye irritation persists: get

medical advice / attention.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Immediately call a doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Respiratory irritation (nose and upper respiratory tract). Eye and skin irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information on medical attendance

Not necessary.

Special means to provide treatment at the workplace

Not necessary.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Powder, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Alcohol unstable foam.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products** 

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

**Additional hazards** 

Extreme generation of heat in the case of larger fires.

#### 5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

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#### **Protective actions**

In case of fire: keep containers cool by spraying with water.

Retain contaminated extinguishing water; do not allow entering into the sewage system. In the case of larger fires: Cordon affected area.

In the case of larger fires: Cordon affected ar

#### Special protective equipment

Self-contained respiratory protective device.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Information for non-emergency personnel

In the case of large quantities: Use filter respirator for organic vapours (filter type A). Use personal protective equipment to avoid any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothes. Remove potential sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Assure sufficient ventilation.

#### Information for emergency responders

If available, observe corporate hazard-control and emergency plans.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

In the case of spills: Avoid penetration into the sewage canal, surface water and ground water.

In the case of accidental release: Do not discharge in surface water, sewers or soil.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on spillage containment

Take up small amounts spilled product with an inert absorbent. Dispose of as hazardous waste.

Dam spilled substance in and suck carefully; recycle if possible.

#### Appropriate clean-up procedures

Collect remainder in inert absorbent and dispose of as hazardous waste. Wash away remainder with water.

#### Inappropriate containment or clean-up techniques

None known.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See also the sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7:** Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations for safe handling

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Only transfer into suited and resistant containers. Containers have to be properly labelled.

Above 65 °C: use in a closed system.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

The usual precautionary measures when handling chemicals have to be observed. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Protection against incompatible substances

Keep away from oxidants and strong acids. The substance affects many synthetic materials; store only in original packing.

Keep container tightly closed.

#### Protection against ambient influences

Protect against heat and solar radiation. Recommended storage temperature: 20 °C. Store in a dark area.

#### Maintenance of the integrity of the substance

Not required.

#### **7.3** Specific end uses If used in food: comply with food safety regulation (HACCP).

#### **SECTION 8** Exposure controls / personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

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# International Furan Chemicals B.V.

# **Furfuryl alcohol**

Country	TWA-8 hours		TWA-15 min.		Notation	
•	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm		
Austria	20	5	n.d.		skin	
Belgium	41	10	61	15	skin	
Czech Republic	20				C (40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Denmark	20	5	40	10	skin	
Finland	8,1	2	41	10		
France	40	10	n.d.			
Germany	canc	cancelled cancelled				
Italy	canc	elled	cancelled			
Netherlands	canc	cancelled		elled		
Norway	20	5	n.d.		skin	
Poland	30		60			
Portugal		10		15	Skin	
Slovakia		10	n.d.		C (41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Slovenia	41	10	n.d.			
Spain	20	5	61	15	skin	
Sweden	20	5	40	10	skin	
Switzerland	40	10	40	10	skin	
United Kingdom	canc	elled	canc	elled		

	•	
	DNEL worker (acute, inhalation - local)	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Workers long term expo	sition	
	DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - systemic)	31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - local)	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL worker (long-term, dermal - systemic)	4 mg/kg bw/day
Consumers short term e	exposition	
	DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - systemic)	128.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - local)	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL general population (acute, oral - systemic)	2.4 mg/kg
Consumers long term ex	kposition	
	DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - systemic)	9.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - local)	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL general population (long-term, oral - systemic)	2.4 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL general population (long-term, dermal - systemic)

#### PNEC Aquatic

-	fresh water	PNEC aquatic (freshwater)	0.17 mg/L
-	marine water	PNEC aquatic (marine water)	0.017 mg/L
-	intermittent release	PNEC aquatic (intermittent release)	1.7 mg/L

Sedimentary
- fresh water sediment

PNEC sediment 0.861 mg/kg sediment dw

- marine water sediment

PNEC marine-sediment 0.0861 mg/kg sediment dw

Terrestrial

- **soil** PNEC soil 0.0724 mg/kg soil dw

Secondary poisoning

- **food chain** PNEC oral 35.3 mg/kg food

Potential to bioaccumulate in the food chain is not applicable (log Kow <3).

2.4 mg/kg bw/day

- 8.2 Exposure controls
- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ventilation and local exhaust.

- 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective
  - a) Eye/face protection

Safety goggles (EN 166).

b) Skin protection

Hand protection Full contact:

Gloves butyl rubber 0.7 mm

Gloves neoprene 0.75 mm

Breakthrough time > 8 hours (EN374)

Breakthrough time > 4 hours (EN374)

Splash contact:

Gloves natural rubber/latex 1.2 mm Breakthrough time < 10 min. (EN374)

Other Protective clothing (EN 340/EN 14605).

c) Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient local exhaust: filter respirator with filter type A for organic vapours

(EN 14387).

d) Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Direct polluted air of the local exhaust ventilation out of the plant in a manner in

accordance with environmental regulations.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear colourless liquid that turns from yellow and brown to

dark red on exposure to light and air.

Odour Characteristic: slightly pungent.

Odour threshold (mg/m3) 33 pH (30% solution) 4 - 6 Melting point / freezing point (°C) -14.6 Boiling point (°C) at 1013 hPa 171

Flash point (°C) 65 (closed cup)

Evaporation rate (ether=1) 443
Upper / lower explosive limits (vol%) 1.8 - 16.3
Vapour pressure at 20 °C (hPa) 0.53
Vapour density (air=1) 3.38
Relative density (water=1) 1.13

Solubility(ies)

- Solubility in water at 20 °C (g/l) Miscible
- Solubility in fat Good
Partition coefficient (log K octanol/water) 0.3
Auto-ignition temperature (°C) 490

Decomposition temperature
Viscosity at 25 °C (mPa.s)

Not available
4.62

Explosive properties Non explosive

Oxidising properties None

9.2 Other information

Miscibility with Solvents (ethanol, benzene, chloroform, ether)

Conductivity (pS/m)

Heat of combustion (kJ/kg)

Surface tension at 25 °C (mN/m)

Not available.
26 000
38

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

Risk of polymerization.

10.2 Chemical stability

Discolours on exposure to light. Unstable in water.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

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# $m{I}$ nternational hemicals B.V.

# Furfuryl alcohol

Exothermic polymerization with explosive violence in the presence of (strong) acids. Reacts violently with oxidants.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Contact with direct sunlight, heat sources and air. Temperatures in storage > 40 °C should be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidants (violent reaction) and strong acids (polymerization).

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Upon decomposition emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

a) Acute Toxicity

Oral LD50 (rat) 132 - 275 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 400 - 657 mg/kg LC50 (rat, 4 hours) 1.17 mg/L (aerosol) Inhalation

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

The substance is irritating to skin.

c) Serious eye damage/irritation

The substance is irritating to eyes.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No adverse effect observed (not sensitising).

e) Germ cell mutagenicity

No adverse effect observed (negative).

f) Carcinogenicity

NOAEL (oral) 53 mg/kg bw/day Target organ(s): digestive: liver. LOAEC (inhalation) 8 mg/ m<sup>3</sup> Target organ(s): respiratory: nose.

Suspected of causing cancer. Two-year inhalation carcinogenicity studies provide limited evidence of carcinogenicity at dose levels associated with systemic toxicity and only in tissues which exhibit significant tissue damage (i. e. nose and kidney).

g) Reproductive toxicity

Fertility/developmental

No effect of furfuryl alcohol on estrous cyclicity or on sperm parameters in rats or mice at exposure concentrations of up to 128 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Not warranted to be a reprotoxin.

h) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Respiratory

tract

The substance may cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Respiratory

tract

Signs of respiratory tract (specifically nasal) irritation were seen in rats after repeated

exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

#### 11.2 Likely routes of exposure

Furfuryl alcohol can be absorbed via the oral route and via the dermal and inhalation routes. Furfuryl alcohol is extensively and rapidly oxidised to furfural.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic compartment and sediment

Fish

LC50 (fresh water, 96 h) 362 mg/L

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- Aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia, fresh water, 48 h) 224 mg/L

Algae and aquatic plants

EC50/LC50 (algae, fresh water, 96 d) 170 mg/L

NOEC (algae, fresh water, 7 d) 25 mg/L

Sediment organisms

Not a relevant compartment.

**Terrestrial compartment** 

Not a relevant compartment.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

- Biodegradability in water

Readily biodegradable.

- Biochemical oxygen demand

BOD (14 days) 77.7% degradation

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

Aquatic bioaccumulation

No remarkable bioaccumulation potential (log Kow 0.3).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/desorption Highly mobile (Koc 34)

**Volatilisation** Henry's Law constant at 20 °C 0.0079 (in Pa m³/mol)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance does not meet the PBT and vPvB criteria according to annex XIII of

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Slightly hazardous to water (Water hazard class 1, WGK Germany)

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product disposal** 

Recycling by distillation.

Removal to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents or as chemical waste in accordance with local regulations. Do not discharge wastewater into sewer.

Packaging disposal

Uncleaned empty package have to be treated like the content. The labelling of

uncleaned containers must not be removed.

Waste treatment-relevant information

European waste list (EURAL) 07 01 04

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN No.** 2874

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** FURFURYL ALCOHOL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 6.1

14.4 Packinggroup

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant (IMO/IMDG) No Hazards for tank vessels (ADN) 6.1+N3

14.6 Specials precautions for user

Classification code (ADR/RID/ADN)
T1
Label (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA)
6.1
Tunnel restriction code (ADR/RID)
(E)
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)
60

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Limited quantity (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA) 5 L Excepted quantity (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA) E1 **ERICard (ADR)** 6-03

**Emergency Schedules (IMDG)** 

 Fire schedule Alfa (F - A) Spillage schedule Alfa (S - A)

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Ship type required (IMDG) Pollution category (IMDG)

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture **Authorisations (REACH)**

Not subject to Title VII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Restrictions (REACH), SVHC

Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 is not applicable.

SVHC (Substance of Very High Concern) status: negative.

Control of major-accident hazards (Seveso III)

Subject to Directive 2012/18/EU.

Hazard category H2 ACUTE TOXIC Qualifying quantity column 2: 50 000 kg Qualifying quantity column 3: 200 000 kg

List of flavouring substances

Approved as a flavouring agent (Regulation (EC) No 872/2012).

Classification, labelling and packaging

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP-Regulation)

Other EU-/national regulations

Other applicable EU-/national regulations have to be observed.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for furfuryl alcohol.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### 16.1 Changes to the previous version

**Previous version** 13 Changes None

#### 16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

Transport of dangerous goods by inland waterways

ADR Transport of dangerous goods by road

**DNEL** Derived No Effect Level

EC50 Effect Concentration, 50 percent **Emergency Response Intervention Card ERICard** 

Globally Harmonised System / Classification, Labelling and Packaging GHS / CLP

Inhibitory Concentration, 50 percent IC50 IATA Transport of dangerous goods by air **IMDG** Transport of dangerous goods by sea Lethal Concentration, 50 percent LC50

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50 percent

LOAEC Lowest observed adverse effect concentration NOAEC No observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level NOEC No observed effect concentration

No observed effect level NOEL Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PBT

Predicted No Effect Concentration **PNEC** Transport of dangerous goods by rail RID

Time Weighted Average **TWA** 

vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### 16.3 Literature references and sources for data

REACH dossier.

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**Safety Data Sheet** according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



# **Furfuryl alcohol**

16.4 Full text of hazard statements which are not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15 None.

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