

Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking **SECTION 1:**

11 **Product identifier**

> Chemical name 2-Furaldehyde

Furan-2-carbaldehyde, 2-Furfuraldehyde, Furan-2-carboxaldehyde, 2-Furylmethanal, **Synonyms**

Fural, 2-Formyl furan, Furanaldehyde, Pyromucis aldehyde, Ant Oil.

Formula $C_5H_4O_2$

Molecular mass 96.09 FL-No. 13.018 CAS-No. 98-01-1 FEMA-No. 2489 EC-No. Annex VI-No. 202-627-7 605-010-00-4

Registration number 01-2119486861-27-0002

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture	Exposure	scenario
Intermediate for manufacturing furan derivatives	ES3	(IS) *
Use of Furfural as intermediate in pesticide production	ES4	(IS)
Manufacturing of blends/formulations	ES5	(F) **
Manufacturing of polymers	ES6	(IS)
Industrial end-use: use of furfural in the manufacturing of abrasive wheels, brake linings	ES7	(IS)
and refractories - by using formulations		
Use of Furfural in the petroleum refining industry as extraction agent	ES8	(IS)
Professional end use of acid resistant coatings - by using formulations	ES9	(PW) ***
Spray Turf Indoor Uses	ES10	(PW)
Spray Turf Outdoor Uses	ES11	(PW)
Dripper Indoor Uses	ES12	(PW)
Dripper Outdoor Uses	ES13	(PW)
Spray Indoor Uses	ES14	(PW)
Spray Outdoor Uses	ES15	(PW)

Uses advised against

None

Life cycle stage description

Use at industrial sites F ** Formulation or re-packing

PW *** Widespread use by professional workers

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Importer International Furan Chemicals B.V.

Address Rotterdam Airportplein 33

3045 AP ROTTERDAM The Netherlands

Telephone number +31 10 238 05 55 E-mail address sales@furan.com

1.4 **Emergency telephone numbers**

Emergency +32 14 58 45 45 (24/7) Information centre of dangerous goods (BIG)

Medical information

United Kingdom 844 892 0111 National Poisons Information Service

Hazards identification **SECTION 2:**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (EU-GHS / CLP) Hazard Classes / Hazard Class-, Category- and -Statement Codes

Flammable liquid Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute toxicity Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute toxicity Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute toxicity Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye irritation Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin irritation Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure **STOT SE 3, H335** Carcinogenicity Carc. 2, H351

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Version 13.1 EN Page 1 of 9

FC BIOMASS BASED CHEMICALS

FURFURAL

For full text of Hazard statements: see subsection 2.2.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal word Hazard statements	Danger
H226	Flammable liquids and vapour.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 * Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 * Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.
P403 + P233 * Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P304 + P340 * IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P301 + P310 * IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water / soap.

P305 + P351 + P338 * IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 * IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to a specialised processing facility for disposal in

accordance with local / regional regulations.

* on label

2.3 Other hazards Furfural does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation 1907/2006

and is not included in the ECHA endocrine disruptor assessment list.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Main constituent Identity Percentage

2-Furaldehyde CAS-No. 98-01-1 > 98 % Specific Conc. Limits: no data available

EC-No. 202-627-7 M-factor: no data available

Classified impurities or stabilizers

None

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Fresh air, rest, half upright position. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothes, rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation occurs:

get medical advice / attention.

Eye contact First rinse with plenty of water (remove lenses if possible). If eye irritation persists: get

medical advice / attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Immediately call a doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Respiratory irritation (nose and upper respiratory tract). Eye and skin irritation.

Version 13.1 EN Page 2 of 9



4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Information on medical attendance

Not necessary.

Special means to provide treatment at the workplace

Not necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Powder, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet, alcohol unstable foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

Additional hazards

Extreme generation of heat in the case of larger fires.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Protective actions

In case of fire: keep containers cool by spraying with water.

Retain contaminated extinguishing water; do not allow entering into the sewage system.

In the case of larger fires: Cordon affected area.

Special protective equipment

Self-contained respiratory protective device.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Information for non-emergency personnel

In the case of large quantities: Use filter respirator with filter type A for organic vapours. Use personal protective equipment to avoid any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothes. Remove potential sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Assure sufficient ventilation.

Information for emergency responders

If available, observe corporate hazard-control and emergency plans.

6.2 Environmental precautions

In the case of spills: Avoid penetration into the sewage canal, surface water and ground water

In the case of accidental release: Do not discharge in surface water, sewers or soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on spillage containment

Take up small amounts spilled product with an inert absorbent. Dispose of as hazardous waste.

Dam spilled large amounts in and suck carefully; recycle if possible.

Appropriate clean-up procedures

Collect remainder in inert absorbent and dispose of as hazardous waste. Wash away remainder with water.

Inappropriate containment or clean-up techniques

None known.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See also the sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations for safe handling

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Version 13.1 EN Page 3 of 9



no hazard identified

FURFURAL

Only transfer into suited and resistant containers. Containers have to be properly labelled.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces and do not smoke. Above 60 °C: use in a closed system.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

The usual precautionary measures when handling chemicals have to be observed. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly with water and

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Protection against incompatible substances

Keep away from oxidants, strong acids and strong bases. The substance affects many synthetic materials; store only in original packing.

Keep container tightly closed.

Protection against ambient influences

Protect against heat and solar radiation. Recommended storage temperature: 20 °C. Store in a dark area.

Maintenance of the integrity of the substance

Not required.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters 8.1

Country	TWA-8 hours		TWA-15 min.		Notation
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	
Austria	20	5			skin
Belgium	8	2			skin
Czech Republic	10		20 (C)		skin
Denmark	7.9	2	15.8	4	skin
Finland	8	2	20	5	skin
France			8	2	
Poland	10		25		skin
Spain	8	2			skin
Sweden	8	2	20	5	skin
Switzerland	8	2			skin
United Kingdom	8	2	20	5	skin

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The exposure limits may be exceeded before the odour is perceived.

DNEL / DMEL

Workers short term exposition

36.48 mg/m³ DNEL worker (acute, inhalation - systemic) 24 mg/m³ DNEL worker (acute, inhalation - local) no hazard identified

DNEL worker (acute, dermal - systemic)

Workers long term exposition

DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - systemic) 4.26 mg/m³ DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - local) 8 mg/m^3

DNEL worker (long-term, dermal - systemic) 1.66 mg/kg bw/day

Consumers short term exposition

27.22 mg/m³ DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - systemic) 24 mg/m³ DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - local) DNEL general population (acute, oral - systemic) 0.47 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL general population (acute, dermal - systemic)

Consumers long term exposition

1.067 mg/m³ DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - systemic) 8 mg/m^3 DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - local)

Version 13.1 EN Page 4 of 9



DNEL general population (long-term, oral - systemic)

0.47 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL general population (long-term, dermal - systemic)

0.83 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No-Effect Concentrations (PNEC)

Hazard for Aquatic Organisms

freshwater
 intermittent release (freshwater)
 marine water
 0.033 mg/L
 0.027 mg/L
 0.0033 mg/L

intermittent release (marine water)

sewage treatment plant (STP)
 sediment (freshwater)
 0.175 mg/kg sediment dw

- sediment (marine water)

- sediment (marine water)

0.173 mg/kg sediment dw

Hazard for Air

air
 hazard identified
 Hazard for Terrestrial Organism

soil
 2.6 mg/kg soil dw

Hazard for Predators

secondary poisoning
 not required

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ventilation and local exhaust.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective

a) Eye/face protection

Safety goggles (EN 166).

b) Skin protection

Hand protection Gloves butyl rubber 0.7 mm Breakthrough time > 8 hours (EN 374)

Gloves neoprene 0.75 mm Breakthrough time 2 hours (EN 374)

Other Protective clothing (EN 304/EN 14605).

c) Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient local exhaust: filter respirator with filter type A for organic

vapours (EN 14387).

d) Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Direct polluted air of the local exhaust ventilation out of the plant in a manner in accordance with environmental regulations.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Physical state Oily liquid.
(b) Colour Colourless to yellow

(c) Odour / Odour threshold (mg/m3 Characteristic: pungent, almond / 0.25 - 1.0

(d) Melting point / freezing point (°C) - 37
(e) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) 162
(f) Flammability Flam

(f)FlammabilityFlammable(g)Lower and upper explosion limit (vol%)2.1 - 19.3(h)Flash point (°C)60 (closed cup)

(i) Auto-ignition temperature (°C) 392

(j) Decomposition temperature (°C) No data available

(k) pH 3.5 – 4.5 (l) Kinematic viscosity (mm²/s) 1.28 (m) Solubility in water at 20 °C (g/L) 83

(n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) 0.41
(o) Vapour pressure at 25 °C (hPa) 3.33
(p) Density (g/cm³) and/or Relative density (water = 1) 1.16
(q) Relative vapour density (air = 1) 3.3

(r) Particle characteristics (particle size) Not applicable.

Version 13.1 EN Page 5 of 9



9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscibility

Flammable liquids

Miscible with organic solvents (acetone, ethanol, ether, xylene, chloroform, petroleum ether, ethyl acetate)

1.5 * 10⁸ 24 410 43.5

Conductivity (pS/m) Heat of combustion (kJ/kg) Surface tension at 20 °C (mN/m)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The substance may polymerize violently (resinification) under the influence of strong acids or strong bases. Reacts violently with oxidants.

10.2 Chemical stability

Turns yellow to brown on exposure to air and light and resinifies.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with strong acids and strong bases with the possibility of fire and

explosion (resinification).

At elevated temperatures, a risk for fire or explosion exists.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Temperatures in storage > 40 °C should be avoided. Also contact with direct sunlight, heat sources and air. Avoid static discharge and sources of ignition (open flames,

warm surfaces, sparks).

Avoid contact with combustible materials and plastics.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids or alkaline substances and oxidants. Many plastics.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Upon decomposition emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

(a) Acute toxicity

 - Oral
 LD50 (rat)
 100 mg/kg

 - Dermal
 LD50 (rabbit)
 >2000 mg/kg

 - Inhalation
 LC50 (rat, 4 hours)
 1 mg/L

 NOAEC
 0.16 mg/L

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation

The substance is irritating to skin.

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation

The substance is irritating to eyes.

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Concluded not to be sensitising.

(e) Germ cell mutagenicity

Concluded not to be genotoxic in vivo.

(f) Carcinogenicity

Target organ(s): digestive: liver.

Suspected of causing cancer. Liver tumors induced via mechanism involving liver toxicity. Concluded that at levels at which no liver toxicity is induced (in rats 53 mg/kg

bw/d), tumors will not arise.

NOAEL (oral) 53 mg/kg bw/day

(g) Reproductive toxicity

Fertility/developmental

Concluded not to be reprotoxic.

NOAEL (oral) 60 mg/kg bw/day

Version 13.1 EN Page 6 of 9
Revision: 13-10-2022



Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (h)

Respiratory From acute toxicity studies, evident that the substance may cause respiratory

tract irritation, particularly to the upper respiratory tract and the nose.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

From repeated dose toxicity studies, evident that the substance may cause Respiratory tract

respiratory irritation particularly to the upper respiratory tract and the nose. No

classification warranted.

NOAEL 100 mg/kg bw/day

Aspiration hazard (j)

Based on available data, the classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

11.1.1 Information on likely routes of exposure

Furfural can be easily absorbed in the lungs and from the skin, with dermal absorption of liquid furfural being approx. 3 µg/cm² per minute. Following absorption, the biological half life is 2-2.5 h.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties 11.2.1

No endocrine disrupting properties identified.

11.2.2 Other information No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 **Toxicity**

Aquatic compartment and sediment

- Fish

LC50 (freshwater, 14 d) 10.5 mg/L NOEC (freshwater, 12 d) 0.33 mg/L

Aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia, freshwater, 72 h) 13 mg/L NOEC (Daphnia, freshwater, 21 d) 1.9 mg/L

Algae and aquatic plants

EC50 (algae, freshwater, 96 h) 11.1 mg/L NOEC (algae, freshwater, 8 d) 2.7 mg/L

Aquatic micro-organisms

EC50 760 mg/L

Sediment organisms

Not a relevant compartment.

Terrestrial compartment

Soil macro-organisms

LC50 (earthworm, 14 d) 406.18 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (earthworm, 14 d) 225 mg/kg soil dw

Anthropods

NOEC (collembola, 28 d) 37.5 mg/kg soil dw

Terrestrial plants

NOEC (sugarbeet) 26 mg/kg soil dw

Soil micro-organisms

NOEC (soil micro-organisms) 597 mg/kg soil dw

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradability

 Photolysis Half-life (DT50 in air) 0.44 d

Biodegradability

Biodegradability in water

O2 consumption (5 days) 96.3 % degradation

Readily biodegradable.

Biochemical oxygen demand

BOD (14 days) 93.5% degradation

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Aquatic bioaccumulation

BCF (estimation based on a calculation method). No remarkable bioaccumulation potential (log Kow 0.41).

Version 13.1 EN Page 7 of 9



12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/desorptionKoc at 20 °C (calculated)17.1 L/kgVolatilisationHenry's Law constant at 20 °C (in Pa m³/mol)0.2

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance does not meet the PBT and vPvB criteria according to annex XIII of

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse environmental effects of endocrine disruptors are not relevant (see

subsection 2.3)

12.7 Other adverse effects

Hazardous to water (Water hazard class 2, WGK Germany)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product disposal Recycling by distillation.

Removal to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents or as chemical waste in accordance with local regulations. Do not discharge wastewater into sewer.

Packaging disposal Uncleaned empty package have to be treated like the content. The labelling of

uncleaned containers must not be removed.

Waste treatment-relevant information

European waste list (EURAL) 07 01 04

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number 1199

14.2 UN proper shipping name FURALDEHYDES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 6.1

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant (IMO/IMDG) No

Emergency Schedules (IMDG)

Fire schedule
 Spillage schedule
 Hazards for tank vessels (ADN)
 Echo (F - E)
 Delta (S - D)
 6.1+3

14.6 Special precautions for user

Classification code (ADR/RID/ADN)
TF1
Label(s) (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA)
Tunnel restriction code (ADR/RID)
Hazard Identification No. (ADR/RID)
Limited quantity (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA)
Excepted quantity (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA)
E4

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Ship type required (IMDG) 3
Pollution category (IMDG) Y

IMO hazard class Class 6.1 Toxic substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture Authorisations (REACH)

Not subject to Title VII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Version 13.1 EN Page 8 of 9



Restrictions (REACH), SVHC

Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 is not applicable.

SVHC (Substance of Very High Concern) status: negative.

Control of major-accident hazards (Seveso III)

Subject to Directive 2012/18/EU.

Hazard category:

Qualifying quantity column 2:

Qualifying quantity column 3:

H2 ACUTE TOXIC

50 000 kg

200 000 kg

List of flavouring substances

Approved as a flavouring agent (Regulation (EC) No 872/2012).

Classification, labelling and packaging

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP-Regulation)

Other EU-/national regulations

Other applicable EU-/national regulations have to be observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for furfural.

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Changes to the previous version

Previous version 13.0

Changes Adaptations of subsections 1.2 and 8.1.

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN Transport of dangerous goods by inland waterways

ADR Transport of dangerous goods by road

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

EC50 Effect Concentration, 50 percent

GHS / CLP Globally Harmonised System / Classification, Labelling and Packaging

IC50 Inhibitory Concentration, 50 percent
IATA Transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG Transport of dangerous goods by sea
LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50 percent

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50 percent

LOAEC Lowest observed adverse effect concentration NOAEC No observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level NOEC No observed effect concentration

NOEL No observed effect level

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID Transport of dangerous goods by rail

TWA Time Weighted Average

vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Literature references and sources for data

REACH dossier.

16.4 Full text of hazard statements which are not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

None

This data sheet has been compiled by KWA. Despite the careful attention paid to the setting up of the text, KWA cannot be held responsible for any error appearing in the text and resulting in whatever damage it may cause.

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Version 13.1 EN Page 9 of 9
Revision: 13-10-2022